

#### **KU LEUVEN**



# CFD modelling of spray applications in cool rooms

Vlaanderen is ondernemen

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AGENTSCHAP



PROEFCENTRUM FRUITTEELT VZW











Field spraying





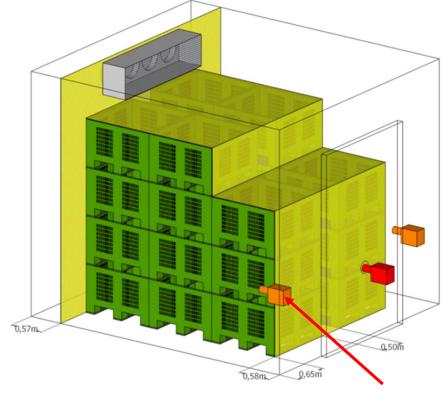




Dipping







Spray nozzle for dropletbased application (e.g. BCO)



Thermonebulisation fogging





#### **Objectives**

- Develop and validate a CFD model of postharvest spray application systems
- Evaluate the performance of spray applications for cold storage rooms
- Design a postharvest spray application system





### CFD model of spray application systems

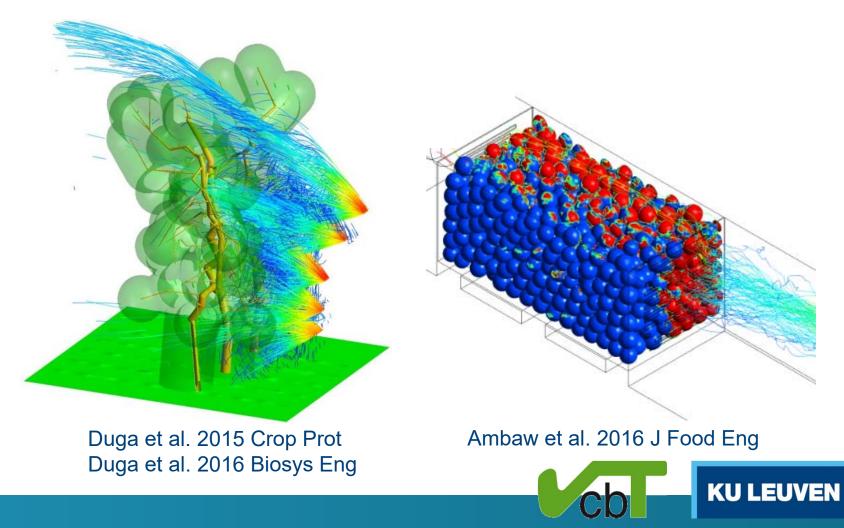
- Calculates
  - Airflow
  - Spray distribution
- Effect of
  - Stacking pattern
  - Position of the sprayer (single nozzle)
  - Air flowrate and suction pressure
  - Droplet size



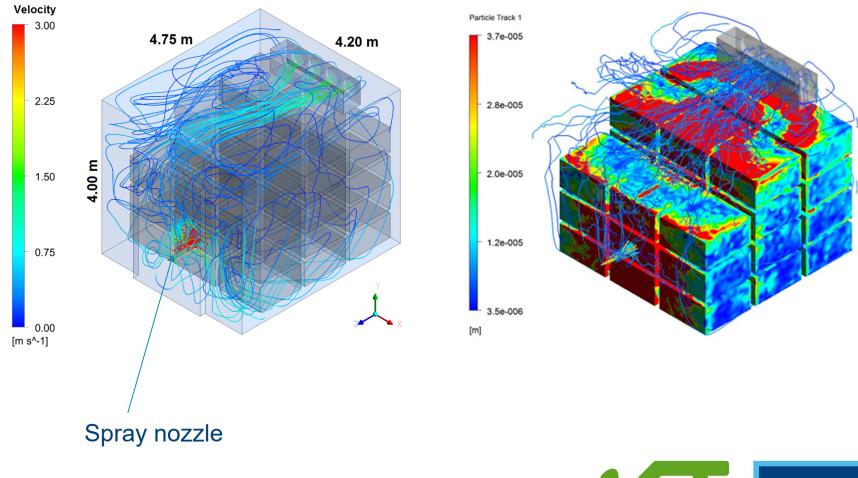


#### CFD spray models (2000-2017)

- Preharvest: tree architecture
- Postharvest: fruit stacking











#### Postharvest spray evaluation

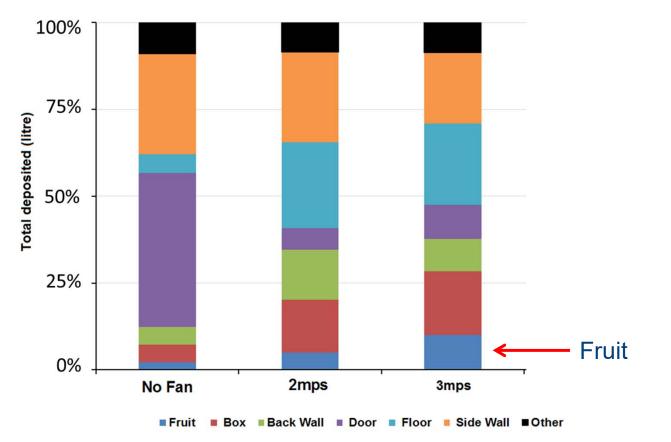
- What is the effect of airflow through bins?
- Can airflow through bins be increased in a cool room?
- Does position of the sprayer affect deposition distribution?
- Can an optimal solution be proposed for postharvest spray applications?





#### Effect of airflow through bins

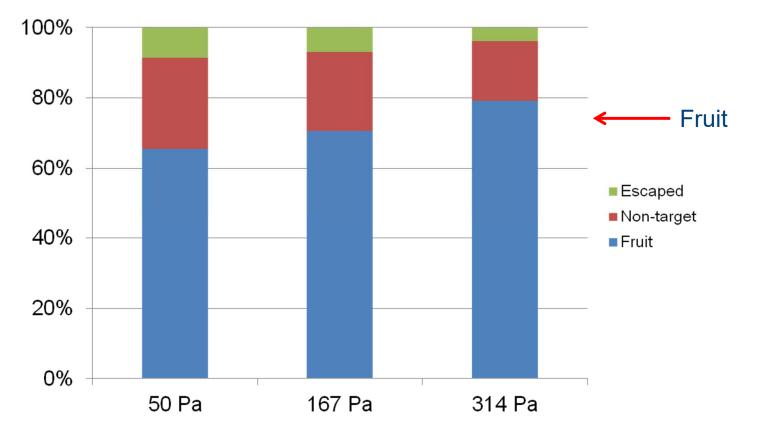
• Free standing with room airflow







• Forced airflow by suction at different fan pressures

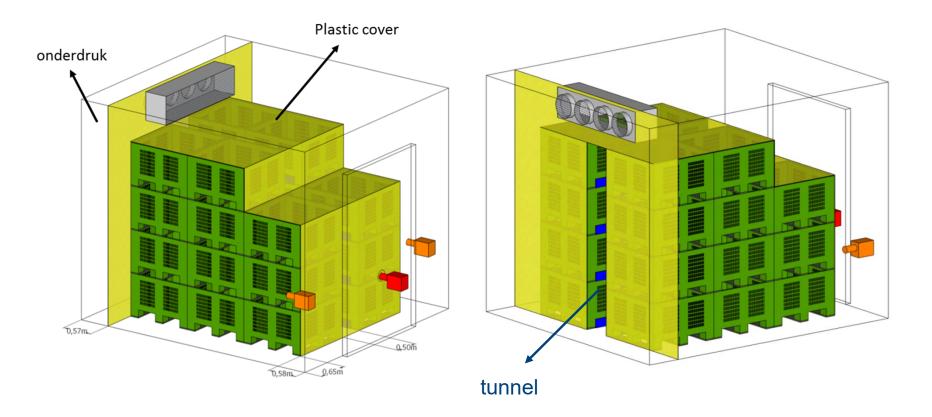






#### Increasing airflow through bins

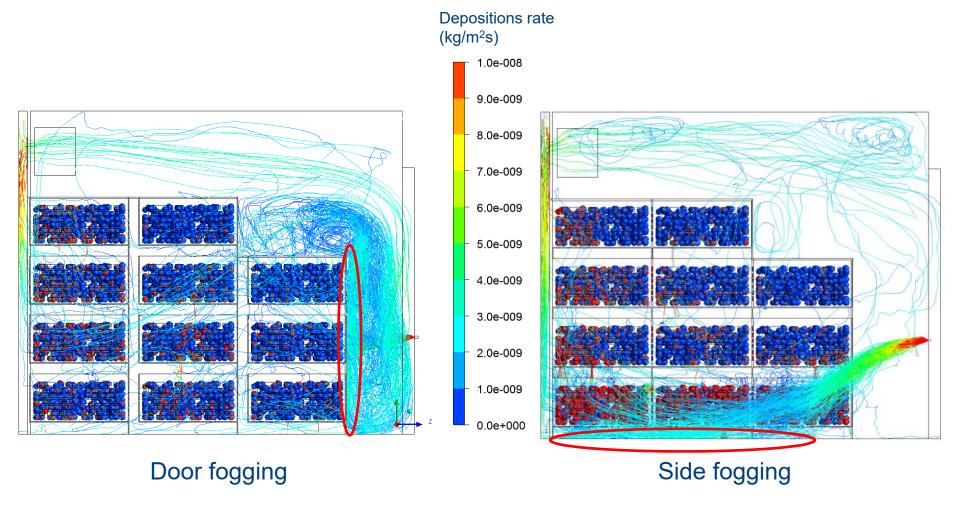
• Creating a suction tunnel





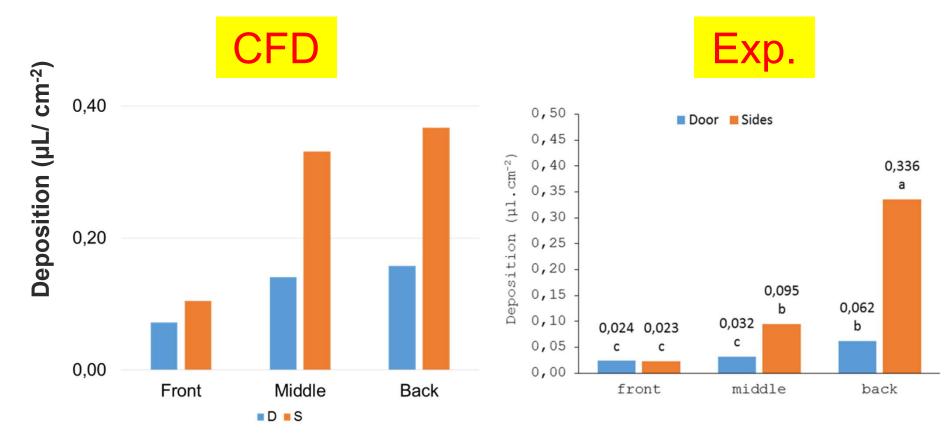


#### Effect of position of the sprayer



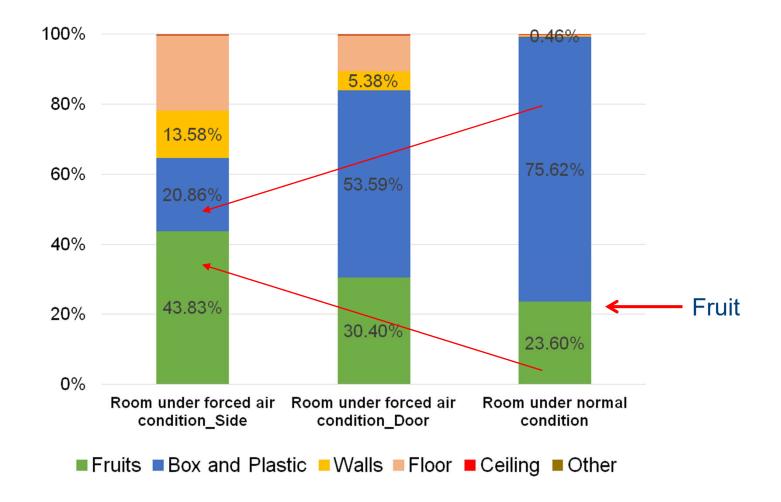
















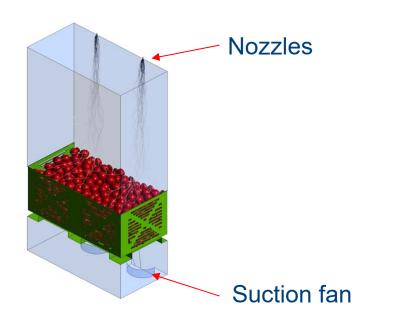
#### Discussion

- Forced airflow and smart position of the spray nozzle increases deposition on fruit
- In an optimized cool store configuration, still a large heterogeneity across bins is found
- Max. 40% deposition on fruit



#### Treatment of single bins

- Development of application system on individual bins
- Investigate the factors that influence the uniformity of droplet depositions on fruits in single bin for a vertical flow setup

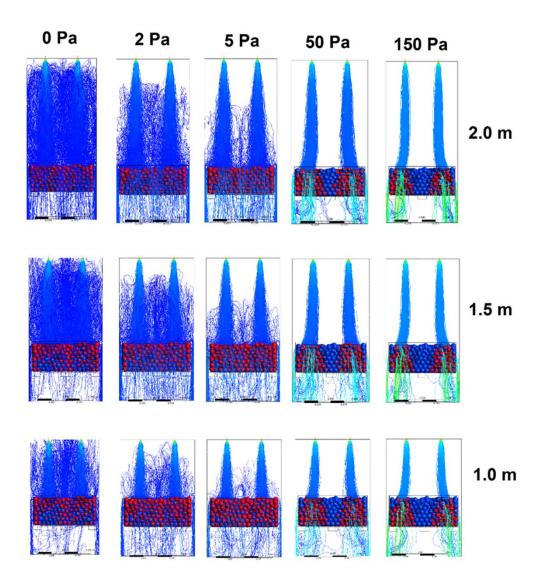






## Design study

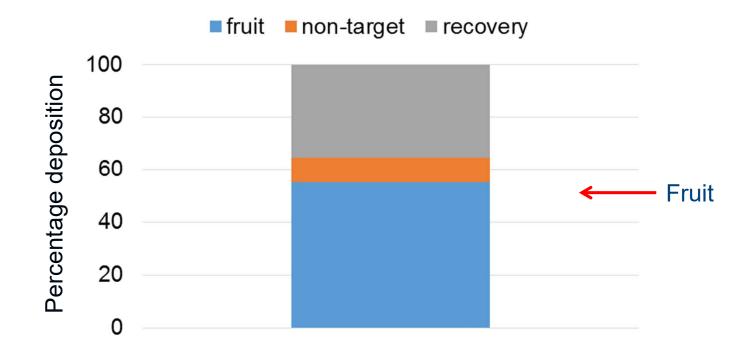
- Suction pressure
- Nozzle height
  - Four spray nozzles
  - Placed symmetrically 1 to 1.5 m above the stack
  - suction fan placed underneath operated at 5 to 50 Pa







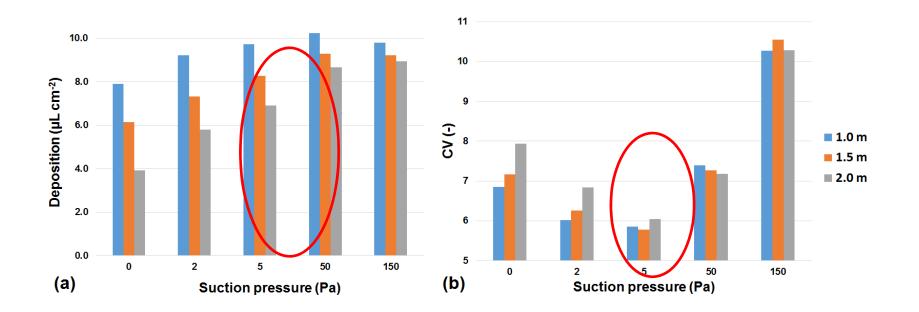
• At 50 Pa suction pressure







#### • Results of single bin treatment







#### Conclusions

- Difficult to obtain high and uniform deposition in cool rooms
  - Airflow rate & pattern
  - Stacking pattern
  - Sprayer position and characteristics
- Single bin treatment system proposed
  - > 50% fruit deposition + recovery of spray
  - Design and operation optimized to reduce variability





## THANK YOU



